103D CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4662

To amend the Solid Waste Disposal Act to provide congressional authorization of State control over transportation and disposal of municipal solid waste, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 28, 1994

Mr. Smith of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. Zimmer, and Mr. Saxton) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To amend the Solid Waste Disposal Act to provide congressional authorization of State control over transportation and disposal of municipal solid waste, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Flow Control Act of
- 5 1994".

1	SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL AUTHORIZATION OF STATE CON-
2	TROL OVER TRANSPORTATION AND DIS-
3	POSAL OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE.
4	(a) In General.—Subtitle D of the Solid Waste Dis-
5	posal Act (42 U.S.C. 6941 et seq.) is amended by adding
6	at the end the following new section:
7	"SEC. 4011. CONGRESSIONAL AUTHORIZATION OF STATE
8	CONTROL OVER TRANSPORTATION AND DIS-
9	POSAL OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE.
10	"(a) AUTHORITY.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each State and each quali-
12	fied political subdivision may, in accordance with
13	this section—
14	"(A) direct, limit, regulate, or prohibit the
15	transportation of municipal solid waste gen-
16	erated from household sources (as described in
17	subsection $(g)(2)(A)(i)$ within the boundaries
18	of the State or subdivision and designate each
19	waste management facility to which any such
20	municipal solid waste shall be transported;
21	"(B) direct, limit, regulate, or prohibit the
22	transportation or disposal of municipal solid
23	waste, as defined in subsection $(g)(2)$, including
24	incinerator ash from a solid waste incinerator
25	unit or construction debris or demolition debris,
26	generated within the boundaries of the State or

1	qualified political subdivision and designate
2	waste management facilities to which any such
3	municipal solid waste shall be transported or
4	disposed, if, before May 15, 1994—
5	"(i) the State or qualified political
6	subdivision adopted a law, ordinance, regu-
7	lation or legislative or administrative provi-
8	sion, including a solid waste management
9	plan, that pertains to the transportation or
10	disposal of municipal solid waste generated
11	within the boundaries, and
12	"(ii) directed, limited, regulated, or
13	prohibited the transportation or disposal of
14	municipal solid waste under the law, ordi-
15	nance, regulation, or legislative or adminis-
16	trative provision.
17	Any State or qualified political subdivision
18	meeting the requirements of this subsection
19	(a)(1)(B) (i) and (ii) may also, after the effec-
20	tive date of this amendment, direct, limit, regu-
21	late or prohibit the transportation and disposal
22	of municipal solid waste from any existing or
23	future waste management facility to any other
24	existing or future waste management facility

without regard to subsections (b) or (c); and

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1	"(C) direct, limit, regulate, or prohibit the
2	transportation of recyclable materials generated
3	within the boundaries of the State or subdivi-
4	sion and designate each facility to which any
5	such materials shall be transported.
6	"(2) APPLICATION.—A State or qualified politi-
7	cal subdivision may exercise the authority described
8	in paragraph (1)(C) with respect to recyclable mate-
9	rials only if—
10	"(A) the generator or owner of the mate-
11	rials voluntarily made the materials available to
12	the State or qualified political subdivision and
13	relinquished any rights to, or ownership of,
14	such materials; and
15	"(B) the State or qualified political sub-
16	division, or the designee of the State or quali-
17	fied political subdivision, assumes such rights
18	to, or ownership of, such materials.
19	"(b) Limitations.—A State or qualified political
20	subdivision may exercise the authority provided by sub-
21	section (a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(C) only if the State or qualified
22	political subdivision—
23	"(1) establishes a program to separate or divert
24	the materials described in subsection $(g)(4)$ from the
25	municipal solid waste, for purposes of recycling, rec-

1	lamation, or reuse, in accordance with any State law
2	or municipal solid waste planning requirements in
3	effect;
4	"(2) develops and implements a process de-
5	scribed in subsection (c) for the designation of waste
6	management facilities; and
7	"(3) after conducting 1 or more public hear-
8	ings—
9	"(A) finds, on the basis of the record de-
10	veloped at the hearing or hearings that it is
11	necessary to exercise the authority to meet the
12	current solid waste management needs (as of
13	the date of the record) or the anticipated solid
14	waste management needs of the State or quali-
15	fied political subdivision for management of
16	municipal solid waste or recyclable materials;
17	and
18	"(B) provides a written explanation of the
19	reasons for the finding described in subpara-
20	graph (A).
21	"(c) Competitive Designation Process.—In de-
22	veloping and implementing the designation process de-
23	scribed in subsection $(b)(2)$ with respect to waste manage-
24	ment facilities and facilities for recyclable materials, the
25	State or qualified political subdivision shall—

1	"(1) provide that the designation process is
2	based on, or is part of, a municipal solid waste man-
3	agement plan that is adopted by the State or quali-
4	fied political subdivision and that is designed to en-
5	sure long-term management capacity for municipal
6	solid waste or recyclable materials generated within
7	the boundaries of the State or subdivision;
8	"(2) set for the goals of the designation proc-
9	ess, including at a minimum—
10	"(A) capacity assurance;
11	"(B) the establishment of provisions to
12	provide that protection of human health and the
13	environment will be achieved; and
14	"(C) any other goals determined to be rel-
15	evant by the State or qualified political subdivi-
16	sion;
17	"(3) identify and compare reasonable and avail-
18	able alternatives and options for designation of the
19	facilities;
20	"(4) provide for public participation and com-
21	ment;
22	"(5) provide that the designation of the facili-
23	ties is accomplished through an open competitive
24	process during which the State or qualified political
25	subdivision—

1	"(A) identifies in writing the criteria to be
2	utilized for selection of the facilities;
3	"(B) provides an opportunity for interested
4	public persons and private persons to offer their
5	existing (as of the date of the process) or pro-
6	posed facilities for designation; and
7	"(C) evaluates and selects the facilities for
8	designation based on the merits of the facilities
9	in meeting the criteria identified; and
10	"(6) base the designation of each such facility
11	on reasons that shall be stated in a public record.
12	"(d) Ownership of Recyclable Materials.—
13	"(1) Prohibition on required trans-
14	FERS.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), noth-
15	ing in this section shall authorize any State or quali-
16	fied political subdivision to require any generator or
17	owner of recyclable materials to transfer any recycla-
18	ble materials (other than abandoned or discarded
19	materials) to such State or qualified political sub-
20	division.
21	"(2) Prohibition on prohibited trans-
22	ACTIONS.—Except as provided in paragraph (3),
23	nothing in this section shall prohibit any generator
24	or owner of recyclable materials from selling, pur-
25	chasing, accepting, conveying, or transporting any

recyclable materials for purposes of transformation or remanufacture into usable or marketable materials, unless the generator or owner voluntarily made the materials available to the State or qualified political subdivision and relinquished any rights to, or ownership of, such materials,

"(3) LAW AND CONTRACTS.—A contract, law, ordinance, regulations, or provisions described in subsection (e)(1) may contain an authorization described in paragraph (1) or a prohibition described in paragraph (2).

"(e) Existing Laws and Contracts.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—This section shall not supersede, abrogate, or otherwise modify any of the following:

"(A) Any contract or other agreement (including any contract containing an obligation to repay to outstanding indebtedness on any proposed or existing waste management facility or facility for recyclable materials) entered into before May 15, 1994, by a State or qualified political subdivision in which such State or qualified political subdivision has designated a proposed or existing waste management facility, or facility for recyclable materials, for the manage-

1	ment of municipal solid waste or recyclable ma-
2	terials pursuant to a law, ordinance, regulation,
3	legislative or administrative provision adopted
4	by such State or qualified political subdivision
5	before May 15, 1994.
6	"(B) Any other contract or agreement en-
7	tered into before May 15, 1994, for the man-
8	agement of municipal solid waste.
9	"(C)(i) Any law, ordinance, regulation or
10	legislative or administrative provision—
11	"(I) that is adopted before May 15,
12	1994; and
13	"(II) that pertains to the transpor-
14	tation or disposal of municipal solid waste
15	generated within the boundaries of a State
16	or qualified political subdivision: Provided,
17	That the law, ordinance, regulation, legis-
18	lative or administrative provision is applied
19	to the transportation or disposal of munici-
20	pal solid waste, generated from household
21	sources (as described in subsection
22	(g)(2)(A)(i)) within the boundaries, to a
23	proposed or existing waste management fa-
24	cility designated before May 15, 1994

1	under such law, ordinance, regulation, leg-
2	islative or administrative provision.
3	"(ii) Any law, ordinance, regulation, or leg-
4	islative or administrative provision—
5	"(I) that is adopted before May 15,
6	1994;
7	"(II) that pertains to the transpor-
8	tation or disposal of municipal solid waste
9	generated within the boundaries of a State
10	or qualified political subdivision; and
11	"(III) under which a State or quali-
12	fied political subdivision, prior to May 15,
13	1994, directed, limited, regulated, or pro-
14	hibited to transportation or disposal of mu-
15	nicipal solid waste that is generated, or is
16	commingled with municipal solid waste
17	that is generated, from commercial, insti-
18	tutional or industrial sources within the
19	boundaries, or that is incinerator ash from
20	a solid waste incineration unit, or con-
21	struction debris or demolition debris, gen-
22	erated within the boundaries:
23	Provided, That the law, ordinance, regulation,
24	legislative or administrative provision is applied
25	to the transportation or disposal of municipal

11 solid waste described in subclause (III), to a 1 2 proposed or existing waste management facility designated before May 15, 1994 under such 3 4 law, ordinance, regulation, legislative or administrative provision. "(iii) Any law, ordinance, regulation, or 6 7 legislative or administrative provision— "(I) that is adopted before May 15, 8 1994; and 9 "(II) that pertains to the transpor-10 11 tation of recyclable materials generated within the boundaries of a State or quali-12

fied political subdivision; provided that the law, ordinance, regulation, legislative or administrative provision is applied to the transportation of recyclable materials, that are generated within the boundaries and with respect to which the generator or owner of the materials, and the State or qualified political subdivision, have met the appropriate conditions described in subsection (a)(2), to a facility designated before May 15, 1994 under such law, ordinance, regulation, legislative or administrative provision.

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1	"(iv) Any law, ordinance, regulation, or
2	legislative or administrative provision—
3	"(I) that is adopted before May 15,
4	1994;
5	"(II) that pertains to the transpor-
6	tation of recyclable materials generated
7	within the boundaries of a State or quali-
8	fied political subdivision; and
9	"(III) under which a State or quali-
10	fied political subdivision, prior to May 15,
11	1994, directed, limited, regulated, or pro-
12	hibited the transportation of recyclable ma-
13	terials that are not materials with respect
14	to which the generator or owner of the ma-
15	terials, and the State or qualified political
16	subdivision, have met the appropriate con-
17	ditions described in subsection (a)(2) and
18	that—
19	"(aa) are generated from house-
20	hold sources (as described in sub-
21	section $(g)(2)(A)(i)$ within the bound-
22	aries; or
23	"(bb) are generated from com-
24	mercial, institutional, or industrial
25	sources within the boundaries:

Provided, That the law, ordinance, regulation, legislative or administrative provision is applied to the transportation of recyclable materials, described in subclause (III), to a facility designated before May 15, 1994 under such law, ordinance, regulation, legislative or administrative provision, and is applied to the same class of materials described in item (aa) or (bb) of subclause (III) to which the law, ordinance, regulation, legislative or administrative provision applied before such date.

"(2) Contract information.—A party to a contract or other agreement that is described in subparagraph (e)(1)(A) or (e)(1)(B) shall provide a copy of the contract or agreement to the State or qualified political subdivision on request. Any proprietary information contained in the contract or agreement may be omitted in the copy, but the information that appears in the copy shall include at least the date that the contract or agreement was signed, the volume of municipal solid waste or recyclable materials covered by the contract or agreement with respect to which the State or qualified political subdivision could otherwise exercise authority under

1	subsection (a) or $(e)(1)(C)$, the source of the waste
2	or materials, the destination of the waste or mate-
3	rials, the duration of the contract or agreement, and
4	the parties to the contract or agreement.
5	"(3) Effect on interstate commerce.—
6	Any contract or agreement described in subsection
7	(e)(1)(A) or (e)(1)(B), and any law, ordinance, regu-
8	lation, or legislative or administrative provision de-
9	scribed in subsection $(e)(1)(C)$, shall be a reasonable
10	regulation of commerce by any State or qualified po-
11	litical subdivision, retroactive to the effective date of
12	the contract or agreement, or to the date of adoption
13	of any such law, ordinance, regulation, or legislative
14	or administrative provision.
15	"(4) Effect on state procurement
16	LAWS.—
17	"(A) In General.—Nothing in this sec-
18	tion shall supersede or modify—
19	"(i) any State law or State regulation
20	concerning the procurement of municipal
21	solid waste services or facilities by qualified
22	political subdivisions; or
23	"(ii) any State law or regulation con-
24	cerning competitive bidding for such serv-
25	ices or facilities.

1	"(f) Savings Clause.—Nothing in this section is in-
2	tended to supersede, amend, or otherwise modify Federal
3	or State environmental standards that apply to the dis-
4	posal or management of solid waste at waste management
5	facilities and facilities for recyclable materials.
6	"(g) Definitions.—As used in this section:
7	"(1) Industrial solid waste.—The term 'in-
8	dustrial solid waste' means solid waste generated by
9	manufacturing or industrial processes, including
10	waste generated during scrap processing and recy-
11	cling, that is not hazardous waste regulated under
12	subtitle C.
13	"(2) Municipal solid waste.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term municipal
15	solid waste'—
16	"(i) means any waste generated by a
17	household, including a single or multifam-
18	ily residence, an apartment, a condomin-
19	ium, a hotel, and a motel;
20	"(ii) includes waste generated by a
21	commercial, institutional, or industrial
22	source; and
23	''(iii) includes residue remaining after
24	recyclable materials have been separated,
25	or diverted at the point of generation, from

1	municipal solid waste described in clause
2	(i) or (ii).
3	"(B) Exclusions.—The term municipal
4	solid waste' shall not include any of the follow-
5	ing:
6	"(i) Hazardous waste required to be
7	managed in accordance with subtitle C,
8	solid waste containing a polychlorinated
9	biphenyl regulated under the Toxic Sub-
10	stances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 et
11	seq.), or regulated medical waste.
12	"(ii) A RECYCLABLE MATERIAL.—
13	"(I) A material or a product re-
14	turned from a dispenser or distributor
15	to the manufacturer or the agent of
16	the manufacturer for credit, evalua-
17	tion, or reuse.
18	"(II) A material or product that
19	is an out-of-date or unmarketable ma-
20	terial or product, or is a material or
21	product that does not conform to
22	specifications, and that is returned to
23	the manufacturer or the agency of the
24	manufacturer for credit, evaluation, or
25	reuse.

"(iii) Any solid waste (including contaminated soil and debris) resulting from a response action taken under section 104 or 106 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9604 or 9606) or a corrective action taken under this Act.

"(iv) Industrial solid waste that is generated by an industrial facility and transported for the purpose of containment, storage, or disposal to a facility that is owned or operated by the generator of the waste, or a facility that is located on property owned by the generator or a company with which the generator is affiliated.

"(3) QUALIFIED POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.—The term 'qualified political subdivision' means a governmental entity or political subdivision of a State, as authorized by the State, to plan for, or determine the methods to be utilized for, the collection, transportation, disposal or other management of municipal solid waste generated within the boundaries of the governmental entity or political subdivision.

1	"(4) Recyclable material.—The term 'recy-
2	clable material' means any material (including any
3	metal, glass, plastic, textile, wood, paper, rubber, or
4	other material) that has been separated, or diverted
5	at the point of generation, from solid waste for the
6	purpose of recycling, reclamation, or reuse.

- "(5) Waste management facility.—The term 'waste management facility' means any facility in which solid waste is collected, separated, stored, transferred, treated, processed, deposited or disposed.".
- 12 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 13 such subtitle D is amended by adding after the item relat-
- 14 ing to section 4010 the following new item:

"Sec. 4011. Congressional authorization of State control over transportation and disposal of municipal solid waste.".

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HR 4662 IH——2

HR 4662 IH——3